MPT NEUROLOGY AND PSYCHOSOMATIC DISORDER

1st SEMESTER

SEMESTER – I					
CORE COURSES		Credit Hours		Contact	
Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical	Hours	
MPT.501	Professional Practice	1		1	
MPT.501P	Professional Practice Practical		1.5	3	
MPT.599	Seminars	2		2	
MPT.521	Clinical Discussion	1 (NC)		1 (NC)	
MPT.531	Clinical Case Presentations	2 (NC)		2 (NC)	
MPT.541	Journal Club	2 (NC)		2 (NC)	
MPT.551P	Classroom Teaching	2 (NC)		2 (NC)	
MPT.571P	Clinical Training		7.5 (NC)	15 (NC)	
MPT.560	Library	2 (NC)		2 (NC)	
MPT.600	Synopsis		3 (NC)	6 (NC)	
OTHER ES	SENTIAL COURSES				
RMB.501	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	4		4	
HVE.501	Human Values	2		2	
	Total for Semester I	18	12	42	
ſ	Total Credit Hours for Semester I		30		

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE MPT.501

Credits: 1hr/ week

Sr. No	Торіс			
1.	Development of Physiotherapy Profession			
2.	Laws governing physiotherapy practice			
3.	Ethical issues in practice of physiotherapy-Clinical, Research and			
	Academics. Administration, legislation, rules and regulations governing			
	physiotherapy practice- National & International. Scope of Physiotherapy			
	in Hospital, Community & Industry.			
4.	Roles of the physiotherapist			
5.	Standards for practice for physiotherapist and the criteria			
6.	SOAP format. Subjective - history taking, informed consent, personal,			
	past, medical and socioeconomic history, chief complaints, history of			
	present illness. Pain assessment- intensity, character, aggravating and			
	relieving factors, site and location. Objective- on observation - body built			
	swelling, muscle atrophy, deformities, posture and gait. On palpation-			
	tenderness-grades, muscle spasm, swelling-methods of swelling			
	assessment, bony prominences, soft tissue texture and integrity, warmth			
	and vasomotor disturbances. On examination – ROM – active and passive,			
	resisted isometric tests, limb length-apparent, true and segmental, girth			
	measurement, muscle length testing-tightness, contracture and flexibility,			
	manual muscle testing, peripheral neurological examination- dermatomes,			
	myotomes and reflexes, special tests and functional tests. Prescription of			
	home program. Documentation of case records, and follow up.			
7.	Documentation of rehabilitation assessment and management using			
	International Classification of Functioning Disability and Health (ICF)			
8.	Standardized tests and scales used in various types of cases for assessment			
	and interpretation in Physiotherapy practice.			
	Evaluation methods and Outcome measurements used in musculoskeletal			
	disorders like Goniometry, Manual muscle testing ,hand held dynameters ,			
	Myometer, end feels, grades of edema, grades of tenderness, Strength			
	their reliability and validity, VAS, Mc Gill questionnaire, Neck Disability			

Annexure 1.1.1.2c

	Index, Cervical spine outcome questionnaire, Upper extremity functional				
	scale, American Shoulder and elbow scale, Simple shoulder test,				
	Disability of shoulder arm and hand questionnaire, Short musculoskeletal				
	functional assessment, Modified Oswestery disability questionnaire,				
	Ronaldo Morris disability questionnaire, Psoriasis research society 22				
	questionnaire, Achilles tendon rupture score, Foot and ankle ability				
	measure (Sports scale), Foot and ankle outcome score, revised foot				
	function index, foot health status questionnaire, Physical activity and				
	disability survey, Revised Physical activity and disability survey, Physical				
	activity scales for elderly, Evaluation Methodology and Disability				
	calculator, Ergometery, shoulder Pain and Disability Index, WOMAC				
	Scale, Nordic Scale, SF36, Sickness impact profile, PROMIS, 10 Global				
	health				
9.	Evaluation methods and Outcome measurements used in Neuromuscular				
	disorders, Equilibrium and Non equilibrium test, Deep tendon reflexes,				
	Primitive and tonic reflex, cranial nerve examination, Voluntary Control				
	Physiotherapy functional mobility profile and Physiotherapy functional				
	mobility profile Questionnaire, Trinity test of functional mobility, Elderly				
	mobility scale and Swedish modified EMS, Activities specific balance				
	confidence scale, Berg balance scale, COMA1, Barthel index, GCS, Cards				
	index of ADL, Oasis, Step watch monitor, Short Parkinson evaluation				
	scale, Freezing gait questionnaire, Postural assessment scale for stroke,				
	trunk impairment scale, Multiple sclerosis impact scale, Tardieu Scale,				
	ashworth Scale, Modified ashworth Scale, Locomotor capabilities index				
	5, Motor assessment scale, Wheelchair Skills Test (WST) and Wheelchair				
	Skills Test Questionnaire (WSTQ), Wheelchair Outcome Measure				
	(WhOM), Wheel Chair users shoulder pain index, Pain self efficiency				
	questionnaire, Multiple dimensional pain inventory, walking index for				
	spinal cord injury patients, stop watch monitors, Fatique impact scale and				
	its derivatives, Daily fatigue impact scale, Modified fatigue impact scale,				
	Fatigue impact scale for COPD (FIS 25), Baroneurological institute				
	Fatigue scale, Brief inventory scale, ASIA Scale, SD Curve, NCV, EMG.				

10.	Evaluation methods and Outcome measurements used in Cardiovascular				
	disorders Vitals, Capacities, Volumes, Blood gas analysis, Modified				
	Medical research Council Scale of Dyspnea, 6 Minute walk test, Physical				
	Performance Test, Minnesota Living with Heart Failure Questionnaire,				
	Chronic Respiratory Disease Questionnaire, Time up and go Test, L -				
	Test, Star excursion test, Timed walk test, RPE Borg Scale				
	Functional independence measures, Spinal cord independence measures,				
	Wheel chair, Patient Satisfaction Questionnaire, Patient Satisfaction with				
	Physical Therapy				
11.	Future challenges in physiotherapy				

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE PRACTICAL

MPT.501P

Credits: 1.5 hrs/ week

The same curriculum of Professional Practice (MPT.501) should be covered in this course.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS

RMB.501

Credits: 4 hrs/ week

Sr. No	Торіс			
1.	Introduction to research			
2.	Types of research			
3.	Defining a research question			
4.	1. Qualitative study designs			
	a. Grounded theory and Phenomenological methods.			
5.	Use of Delphi process			
6.	Quantitative study			
7.	Type I and type II bias			
8.	Study design: types			
	Case study, Case series, longitudinal cohort, Pre post design, Time series			
	design, repeated measures design, Randomized control design			
9.	Sampling design, calculating minimum sample size based on design			
10.	Measurement: Properties of measurement: reliability, validity,			
	responsiveness, MCID.			
11.	Outcome measures: Use of outcome measures in rehabilitation research			
12.	Research Methods: Designing methodology, Reporting results, Type I and			
	Type II bias			
13.	Communicating research.			
14.	Evaluating published research: looking at the evidence			
15.	Introduction to evidence based practice, evaluating evidence			
16.	Asking clinical questions			
17.	Translating of evidence into practice: strategies			
18.	Use of clinical practice guidelines, clinical pathways, prediction rules to			
	inform practice			
19.	Descriptive Statistics and measurement variability			
20.	Statistical inference			
21.	Comparison of group means: T-test			
22.	Analysis of variance			
1				

23.	Multiple comparison tests			
24.	Non parametric tests			
25.	Correlations			
26.	Regression			
27.	Analysis of frequencies: Chi square			
28.	Statistical measure of reliability			
29.	Power analysis – Determining sample size			
30.	Epidemiological Measures – Rate, Ratio, Proportion, Incidence and			
	prevalence, Relative risk, Risk ratio, Odds ratio			
31.	Definition and kinds of scientific documents – Research paper, Review			
	paper, Book, Reviews, Thesis, Conference and project reports (for the			
	scientific community and for funding agencies)			
32.	Publication – Role of author, Guide, Co-authors.			
33.	Structure, Style and contents; Style manuals (APA, MLA); Citation styles:			
	Footnotes, References; Evaluation of research			
34.	Significance of Report writing; Different steps in Report writing;			
	Mechanics and precautions of writing research reports Oral and poster			
	presentation of research papers in conferences/symposia; Preparation of			
	abstracts			
35.	Structure of Thesis and Content – Preparing Abstracts			
36.	 SCIENTIFICCONDUCT Ethics with respect to science and research Scientific misconducts: Falsification, Fabrication, and Plagiarism (FFP) Redundant publications: duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing 			
	4. Selective reporting and misrepresentation of data			
37.	 PUBLICATION ETHICS Publication ethics: definition, introduction and importance Best practices/ standards setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE, WAME, etc. Conflicts of interest Publication misconduct: definition, concept, problems that lead to and vice versa, types Violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship 			

HUMAN VALUES AND ETHICS

HVE.501

Unit No.	Content				
1.	Introduction to Value Education: Understanding the need, basic				
	guidelines, content and process for Value Education, Self-exploration-its				
	content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation-as				
	the mechanism for self exploration.				
2.	Continuous Happiness and Prosperity: A look at basic human aspirations,				
	Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities — the basic				
	requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being,				
	Understanding Happiness and Prosperity come — A critical appraisal of the				
	current scenario, Method to fulfill the above human aspirations:				
	Understanding and living in harmony at various levels				
3.	Harmony in the Human Being: Understanding human being as a				
	coexistence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body', Understanding the				
	needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' Sukh and Suvidha. Body as an instrument of				
	'I': Being the doer. seer and enjoyer, understanding the characteristics and				
	activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I', understanding the harmony of 'I' with the				
	Body: Sanyam and Svasthya; correct appraisal of physical needs, meaning of				
	prosperity in detail, programs to ensure Sanyam and Svasthya				
4.	Harmony in the Family and Society: Understanding harmony in the				
	Family — the basic unit of human interaction, Understanding values in				
	human-human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its				
	fulfillment to ensure Ubhayatripti; Trust; vrs-vasa) and Respect				
	(Sammana) as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the				
	meaning of VI-S-vasa; Difference between intention and competence,				
	Understanding the meaning of Sammana, Difference between respect and				
	differentiation; the other salient values in relationship,				
5.	Harmony in the society: Understanding the harmony in the society (society				
	being an extension of family): Sarnadhana, Samriddhi, Abhaya. Sah-astirva				
	as comprehensive Human Goals, Visualizing a universal harmonious order in				
	society — Undivided Society (Akhand Sarnal), Universal Order				

	(Sarvabhauma Vyavasthal- from family to world family.				
6.	Harmony in the Nature (Existence): Understanding the harmony in the				
	Nature, Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of				
	nature—recyclability and self-regulation in nature.				
7.	Understanding Sah-astitva: Co-existence of mutually interacting units in				
	all-pervasive space, Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence				
8.	Implications of the Holistic Understanding — A Look at Professional				
	Ethics : Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical				
	Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution				
	and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional Ethics. Ability to				
	utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order,				
	Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and eco-				
	friendly production systems, technologies and management models, Case				
	studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production				
	systems.				
9.	Strategy for transition <i>frori</i> the present state to Universal Human Order				
	(a) At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible				
	engineers, technologists and managers, (b) At the level of society as mutually				
	enriching institutions and organizations				
Session	Practice Sessions				
Number					
PS 1.	Module 2: Introduction to Value Education: Introduce yourself in detail.				
	What are the goals in your life? How do you set your goals in your life? How				
	do you differentiate between right and wrong? What have been your salient				
	achievements and shortcomings in your life? Observe and analyze them.				
PS 2.	Now-a-days, there is a Icy of talk about many techno-genic maladies such as				
	energy and material resource depletion environmental pollution, global				
	warming, ozone depletion, deforestation, soil degradation, etc. — all these				
	seem to be man-made problems, threatening the survival of life on Earth —				
	What is the root cause of these maladies & what is the way out in your				
	opinion?				
	On the other hand, there is rapidly growing danger because of nuc				
	on the other hand, there is ruphing growing danger because or naciour				

	corruption. scams, breakdown of relationships, generation gap, depression &				
	suicidal attempts etc what do you think, is the root cause of these threats to				
	human happiness and peace - what could be the way out in your opinion?				
PS 3.	1. Observe that each one of us has the faculty of 'Natural Acceptance'. based				
	on which one can verify what is right or not right for him. (As such we are				
	not properly trained to listen to our 'Natural Acceptance' and many a time it				
	is also clouded by our strong pre-conditionings and sensory attractions).				
	Explore the following:				
	(i) What is 'Naturally Acceptable' to you in relationship—the feeling of				
	respect r disrespect for yourself and for others?				
	(ii) What is 'Naturally Acceptable' to you - to nurture or to exploit				
	others?				
	Is your living in accordance with your natural acceptance or different from				
	it?				
	2. Out of the three basic requirements for fulfillment of your aspirations-				
	right understanding, relationship and physical facilities- observe how the				
	problems in your family are related to each. Also observe how much time &				
	effort you devote for each in your daily routine.				
PS 4.	Module 2: Harmony in the Human Being: List down all your important				
	desires. Observe whether the desire is related to Self ('I') or the Body. If it				
	appears to be related to both, visualize which part of it is related to Self ('I')				
	and which part is related to Body.				
PS 5.	1. (a) Observe that any physical facility' you use, follows the given sequence				
	with time: Necessary and tasteful unnecessary but still tasteful unnecessary				
	and tasteless —> intolerable				
	(b) In contrast, observe that any feeling in you is either naturally acceptable				
	or not acceptable at all. If naturally acceptable, you want it continuously and				
	if not acceptable, you do not want it any moment				
	2. List down all your important activities. Observe whether the activity is of				
	'I',)r of Body or with the participation of both 'I' and Body				
	3. Observe the activities within 'I'. Identify the object of your attention for				
	different moments (over a period of say 5 to 10 minutes) and draw a lin				

PS 6 1. Chalk out some programs towards -insuring your harmony with the body - in terms of nurturing, protection and right utilisation of the body. 2. Find out the plants and shrubs growing in and around your campus, which can be useful in curing common diseases. PS 7 Module 3: Harmony in the Family and Society Form small groups in the class and make them carry out a dialogue focusing on the following eight questions related to TRUST: 1a. Do I want to make myself happy? 2a. Do I want to make the other happy? 3a. Does the other want to make himself/herself happy? 4a. Does the other want to make me happy? What is the answer? Intention (Natural Acceptance) 1b. Am I able to always make the other happy? 2b. Am I able to always make the other happy? 4b. Is the other able to always make me happy? What is the answer? Competence Let each student answer the questions for himself and everyone else. Discuss the difference between intention and competence. Observe whether you evaluate yourself and others on the basis of intention/ competence. PS 8. 1. Observe, on how many occasions, you are able to respect your related ones (by doing the right evaluation) and on how many occasions you are disrespecting by way of under-evaluation, over-evaluation or otherwise evaluation. 2. Also, observe whether your feeling of respect i based on treating the other as you would treat yourself or on d		diagram connecting these points. Try to observe the link between any two nodes			
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other as you would treat yourself or on differentiations based on body,		evaluation.			
		2. Also, observe whether your feeling of respect it based on treating the			

PS 9.	1. Write a narration in the form of a story, poem, skit or essay to clarify a			
	salient Human Value to the children.			
	2. Recollect and narrate an incident in your life where you were able to			
	exhibit willful adherence to values in a difficult situation.			
PS 10.	Module 4: Harmony in the Nature (Existence)			
	List down some common units (things) of Nature which you come across in			
	your daily life and classify them in the four orders of Nature. Analysis and			
	explain the aspect of mutual fulfillment of each unit with other orders.			
PS 11.	Make a chart to show the whole existence as co-existence. With the help of			
	this chart try to identify the role and the scope of some of the courses of your			
	study. Also indicate the areas which are being either over-emphasized or			
	ignored in the present context.			
PS 12.	Module 5: Implications of the Holistic Understanding — a Look at			
	Professional Ethics: Identify any two important problems being faced by the			
	society today and analyze the root cause of these problems. Can these be			
	solved on the basis of natural acceptance of human values. If so, how should			
	one proceed in this direction from the present situation?			
PS 13.	Suggest ways in which you can use your knowledge of			
	Science/Technology/Management etc. for moving towards a universal			
	human order.			
	Propose a broad outline for Humanistic Constitution at the level of Nation.			
PS 14.	The course is going to be over new. It is time to evaluate what difference in			
	your thinking has it made. Summarize the core message of this course			
	grasped by you. How has this affected you in terms of;			
	a. Thought			
	b. Behavior			
	c. Work and			
	d. Realization			
	What practical steps are you able to visualize for the transition of the society			
	from its present state.			

MPT 2ND SEMESTER

	SEMESTER – II			
CORE COURSES Credit Hours			Contact	
Course	Course Title	Theory	Practical	Hours
Code				
MPT.503	Biomechanics and Kinesiology	3		3
MPT.503P	Biomechanics and Kinesiology Practical		1.5	3
MPT.599	Seminars	2		2
MPT.522	Clinical Discussion	2 (NC)		2 (NC)
MPT.532	Clinical Case Presentations	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.542	Journal Club	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.552P	Classroom Teaching	2 (NC)		2 (NC)
MPT.560	Library	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.572P	Clinical Training		8 (NC)	16 (NC)
MPT.600	Dissertation Work		4 (NC)	8 (NC)
Elective Cor	urses (Choose Any One)			
EVS.501	Principles of Environment studies	3	-	3
EXP.501	Exercise Physiology	2	-	2
ERG.501	Ergonomics	2	-	2
SPT.501	Sports Physiotherapy	2	-	2
DIS.501	Disability Diseases	2	-	2
	Total for Semester II	15	13.5	42
	Total Credit Hours of Semester II28.5			1

BIOMECHANICS & KINESIOLOGY MPT.503 Credits- 3 hrs/week

Sr. No	Торіс	
51110		
1.	Biomechanics of Tissues and structures of the musculoskeletal system and clinical	
1.	application.	
2.	Normal and applied Biomechanics of Spine	
	Biomechanics of the vertebral column	
	a. General structure and function	
	b. Regional structure and function - Cervical region, thoracic region, lumbar	
	region, sacral region	
	c. Muscles of the vertebral column	
	d. General effects of injury and aging	
3.	Normal and applied Biomechanics of Upper extremity	
	a. The shoulder complex: Structure and components of the shoulder complex and	
	their integrated function	
	b. The elbow complex: Structure and function of the elbow joint – humeroulnar	
	and humeroradial articulations, superior and inferior radioulnar joints; mobility	
	and stability of the elbow complex; the effects of immobilization and injury.	
	c. The wrist and hand complex: Structural components and functions of the wrist	
	complex; structure of the hand complex; functional position of the wrist and hand.	
4.	Normal and applied Biomechanics of Lower extremity.	
	a) The hip complex : structure and function of the hip joint; hip joint pathology- arthrosis, fracture, bony abnormalities of the femur:	
	b) The knee complex: structure and function of the knee joint – tibiofemoral joint and patellofemoral joint; effects of injury and disease.	
	c) The ankle and foot complex.: structure and function of the ankle joint, subtalar	
	joint, talocalcaneonavicular joint, transverse tarsal joint, tarsometatarsal joints,	
	metatarsophalangeal joints, interphalangeal joints, structure and function of the	
	plantar arches, muscles of the ankle and foot, deviations from normal structure	
	and function – Pes Planus and Pes Cavus	
5.	Clinical kinesiology of posture. Static and dynamic posture, postural control, kinetics and kinematics of posture	
	Static and dynamic posture, postural control, kinetics and kinematics of posture, ideal posture analysis of posture, effects of posture on age, pregnancy,	
	occupation and recreation	
L	1	

6.	Biomechanics and Patho-mechanics of respiration, circulation, hand function and			
	gait.			
	a) general features of gait, gait initiation, kinematics and kinetics of gait, energy			
	requirements, kinematics and kinetics of the trunk and upper extremities in			
	relation to gait, stair case climbing and running, effects of age, gender, assistiv			
	devices, disease, muscle weakness, paralysis, asymmetries of the lower			
	extremities, injuries and mal-alignments in gait; Movement Analysis: ADL			
	activities like sitting – to standing, lifting, various grips, pinches.			
7.	Basic Concepts in Biomechanics: Kinematics and Kinetics			
	Types of Motion, Location of Motion, Direction of Motion, Magnitude of Motion,			
	Definition of Forces, Force of Gravity, Reaction forces, Equilibrium, Objects in			
	Motion, Force of friction, Concurrent force systems, Parallel force system, Work,			
	Moment arm of force, Force components, Equilibrium of levers			
8.	Methods of kinetics and kinematics investigation			
9.	Patient Positioning, Body Mechanics and Transfer Techniques			
10.	Ergonomic Approach to lifting and handling, workspace and Environment			
11.	Biomechanics of the Thorax and Chest wall -			
	a) General structure and function			
	b) Rib cage and the muscles associated with the rib cage			
	c) Ventilatory motions: its coordination and integration			
	d) Developmental aspects of structure and function			
	e) Changes in normal structure and function I relation to pregnancy, scoliosis and			
	COPD			
12.	The Temporomandibular Joint-			
	General features, structure, function and dysfunction			

BIOMECHANICS & KINESIOLOGY PRACTICAL MPT.503P Credits- 1.5hrs/ week

The same curriculum of Biomechanics & Kinesiology (MPT.503) should be covered in this course.

ENVIRONMENT STUDIES EVS.501

Credits- 3 hrs/week

Unit	Content		
No.			
1.	Introduction to ecology and environment		
	Definition, scope and importance of environment and environmental science. Structure		
	of Environment – layers of atmosphere, hydrosphere – water budget, groundwater and		
	ocean, lithosphere - soil formation and profile. Concept of ecology and ecosystem;		
	types of ecosystem (Forest, pond, lakes, river, desert and grass land); energy flow of		
	ecosystem; food chain and food web; ecological pyramids and succession		
2.	Natural resources		
	Forest resources-uses and exploitation, deforestation and conservation; Renewable,		
	Nonrenewable and alternate energy resources; Mineral resources - Use and		
	exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources; water		
	resources-uses and exploitation; Human resources and food resources; Bioresources-		
	biodiversity value, threats and conservation, hot spots of biodiversity and endangered		
	species, red data book; soil erosion and desertification.		
3.	Environmental pollution		
	Air, water, soil and noise - sources, effects and consequences; marine and thermal		
	pollution; Greenhouse effect, acid rain, ozone depletion, nuclear winter, photochemical		
	smog, London smog		
	Solid waste management-sources of waste generation, collection, segregation and		
	disposal. Waste hierarchy and Integrated solid waste management		
	Pollution control methods-sewage treatment plant, water treatment plant, air pollution		
	control methods		
4.	Natural disasters		
	Earthquakes, floods, tsunamis, cyclones, droughts, landslides and tsunamis		
5.	Environmental laws, conventions and protocols		
	Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act; Air (Prevention and Control of		
	Pollution) Act; Environment Protection Act; Forest Conservation act; Kyoto protocol,		

	Montreal protocol, Stockholm convention, Rio summit 1992 and convention on	
	biodiversity, Cartagena protocol, IPCC.	
6.	Social issues and the environment	
	Rain water harvesting; wasteland reclamation; environmental ethics; sustainable	
	development; population growth, industrialization, urbanization, family, child and	
	women welfare programmes, human health and environment; Role of Information	
	Technology in Environment; value education; sustainable development	
7.	Field work	
	Visit to local polluted site, biogas plant, waste management site, wastewater treatment	
	plant, wildlife sanctuary; Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river etc.	

Suggested Books:

Sr.	Authors/ Name of Books/Publisher		
No.	Authors/ Manie of Books/ Fublisher		
1	Rana, S. V. S. Essentials of Ecology and Environmental Science Edition: Fifth		
1.	edition.		
2.	S. P. Mishra and S. N. Pandey (2008) Essential Environmental Studies, First edition,		
2.	CRC press.		
3.	Andrew Friedland, Rick Relyea, David Courard-hauri and Ross Jones (2012)		
5.	Essentials of Environmental Science. Freeman Publishers.		
4.	Kamaraj. P & Arthanareeswari. M (2010) Environmental Science – Challenges and		
4.	Changes", 4th Edition, Sudhandhira Publications.		
5.	R. Jeyalakshmi, (2008) 'Principles of environmental science, Devi publications,2nd		
5.	ed.		
	Kurian Joseph, R.Nagendran, (2005) 'Essentials of Environmental Studies', Pearson		
6.	Education, 2nd edition.		
7.	P. Anandan (2009) Environmental Science and Engineering, Scitech Publishers.		
8.	Helen P. Kavitha (2008) Principles of Environmental Science, Science tech		
0.	Publications, 2nd Edition.		
9.	De A. K. (1996) 'Environmental Chemistry, New Age International, NewDelhi.		
10.	Vasudevan N. (2006) Essentials of Environmental Science 1st Edition, Alpha Science		
10.	International Ltd.		
11.	William Cunningham and Mary Cunningham Environmental Science: A Global		

	Concern.
12.	P. R. Trivedi (2004) Environmental Pollution and Control, APH Publishing
	Corporation.
13.	Rajagopalan (2015) Environmental Studies: From Crisis to Cure 3rd edition, OUP
	India Publishers.

EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY

		Teaching	Hours: 30 (2 hours / week)
1.	Introd	luction to Exercise Physiology	3 Hours
2.	Nutri	tion and Energy	5 Hours
	a)	Macronutrients and Micronutrients	
	b)	Food Energy and Optimum Nutrition for Exercise, car	rbohydrate loading
	c)	Nutritional and Pharmacological Aids to Exercise	
	d)	Doping and dope test	
3.	The P	hysiological Support System	14 Hours
	e)	The Pulmonary System and Exercise	
	f)	The Cardiovascular System and Exercise	
	g)	The Neuromuscular System and Exercise	
	h)	Hormones Exercise and Training	
4.	The E	xercise Training and Adaptations	5 Hours
	i)	Training the Aerobic and Anaerobic Energy Systems	
	j)	Training Muscle To Become Stronger	
	k)	Factors Affecting Physiological Functions: the enviro	nment and special aids to
		performance	
5.	Optin	nizing Body Composition, Successful Aging and Hea	Ith Related Exercise
	Benef	its	3 Hours
	1)	Body Composition, Obesity and Weight Control	
	m)	Physical Activity, Exercise, Successful Aging and Dis	sease Prevention
	n)	Clinical Aspects of Exercise Physiology	

ERGONOMICS

Teaching Hours: 60(2 hours / week)

Basic course content

Overview of ergonomics and design relevancies'; Man – the prime system component; Manmachine- environment interaction system and user- friendly design practice; Human compatibility, comfort and adaptability; Fundamentals of ergonomics; Physical(anthropometrics), Physiological (work physiology) and Psychological aspects (behavior, cognitive aspects and mental workload); Information processing, human error and risk perception; Visual performance and visual displays; environmental factors influencing human performance; Occupational stress; safety and health issues; Ergonomics criteria/ check while designing; Design process involving ergonomics check and ergonomic design evaluation and Participatory ergonomics aspects.

Section I: Introducing Ergonomics, Welcome and content details

- 1. Welcome and content details: Syllabus
- 2. Design today-Human aid to lifestyle

Section II: Discipline approach: Ergonomics/Human factors

- 1. Journey, Fitting task to man their contractual structure
- 2. Domain, Philosophy and Objective
- 3. Mutual task comfort: two way dialogue, communication model
- 4. Ergonomics/human Factors fundamentals
- 5. Physiology(work physiology) and stress

Section III: Human physical dimension concern

- 1. Human body-structure and function, anthropometrics
- 2. Anthropometry: body growth and somatotypes
- 3. Static and dynamic anthropometry ,Stand Posture- erect
- 4. Anthropometry landmark: Sitting posture
- 5. Anthropometry: squatting and cross- legged postures
- 6. Anthropometric measuring techniques
- 7. Statistical treatment of data and percentile calculations

Section IV: Posture and movement

- 1. Human body- structure and function
- 2. Posture and job relation
- 3. Posture and body supportive devices
- 4. Chair characteristics
- 5. Vertical work surface
- 6. Horizontal work surface

- 7. Movement
- 8. Work Counter

Section V: Behaviour and perception

- 1. Communication and cognitive issues
- 2. Psycho-social behavior aspects, behavior and stereotype
- 3. Information processing and perception
- 4. Cognitive aspects and mental work load
- 5. Human error and risk perception

Section VI: Visual Issues

- 1. Visual performance
- 2. Visual displays

Section VII: Environments Factors

1. Environmental factors influencing human performance

Section VIII: Ergonomic design process

- 1. Ergonomics design methodology
- 2. Ergonomics criteria/check while designing
- 3. Design process involving ergonomics check
- 4. Some checklists for task easiness

Section IX: Performance support and design interventions

- 1. Occupational safety and stress at work place in view to reduce the potential fatigue, errors, discomforts and unsafe acts
- 2. Workstation design
- 3. Furniture support
- 4. Vertical arm reach and design application possibility
- 5. Humanizing design: Design and human compatibility, comfort and adaptability aspects

Section X: Design Ergonomics in India: scope for exploration

1. Concluding session: Design Ergonomics in India: scope for exploration

Books suggested :

- 1. Bridger, RS: Introduction to Ergonomics, 2nd Edition, Taylor & Francis, 2003.
- Dul, J. and Weerdmeester, B. Ergonomics for beginners, a quick reference guide, Taylor & Francis, 1993.
- 3. Green, W.S. and Jordan, P. W, Human Factors in Product Design, Taylor & rancis, 1999.
- 4. D.Chakrabarti, Indian Anthropometric Dimensions for ergonomic design practice, National Institute of Design, Ahmedabad, 1997.

- 5. G. Salvendy (edit), Handbook of Human Factors and ergonomics, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1998.
- 6. Singh, S(Edt), Ergonomics Interventions for Health and Productivity, Himanshu Publications, Udaipur, New Delhi, 2007.

SPORTS PHYSIOTHERAPY

Teaching Hours: 2 hours/week

Section- I: Foundation of sports Injury management 4 HOURS

Sports Medicine: Responsibilities of the primary sports medicine team, Team Physician, Primary care physician, Athletic trainer, Coach or sport Supervisor, Sport Participant, Student Athletic trainer, Physical therapist

Standards of Professional Practice: NATA Certification for the athletic trainer, Continuing Education Requirements, Registration and Licensure

Legal Liability: Negligence, Failure to warn, Informed consent, Foresee ability of harm, Product liability, Confidentiality

Section-II: Sports Injury Assessment

5 HOURS

Anatomical Foundation: Body segments and anatomical positions, Directional terms, Regional terms, Joint movement terms

Assessing an Injury: On the field vs off the field assessment

Primary Injury Assessment: Assess unresponsiveness; Open the airway, Establish Breathing, Establish Circulation and Secondary Injury Assessment: History of the Injury, Observation, Palpation, Special Tests, Determination of Findings, Moving the injured participant

History of the injury: Primary complaint, Mechanism of injury, Characteristics of the symptoms, Disability resulting from the injury, Related Medical history

Observation and Inspection: Observation, Inspection of the injury site

Palpation, Special Tests, Joint range of motion, resisted manual muscle testing, Neurologic testing, Stress tests, Functional testing, Injury Recognition

SOAP Notes: Subjective evaluation, Objective evaluation, Assessment, Plan

Section-III: The mechanics of tissue injury and healing 4 HOURS

Injury Mechanisms: Force and its effect, Torque and its effect

Soft tissue injuries: Anatomical properties of Soft tissue, Skin Injury Classifications, Other soft tissue Injury Classification, Soft tissue healing

Bone Injuries: Anatomical Properties of Bone, Bone Injury Classification, Epiphyseal Injury Classification, Bone tissue Healing

Injuries to the lower extremity Foot, Ankle and Lower leg, Anatomy review of the foot, ankle and lower leg

Nerve Injuries: Anatomical properties of nerve, Nerve Injury Classification, Nerve Healing

Pain: Neurological basis of pain, Factors that Mediate Pain, Referred Pain and Radiating Pain

Section-IV: Therapeutic exercise and therapeutic modalities 7 HOURS

Psychology and Injured participant

Developing a Therapeutic Exercise Program: Phase One: Controlling Inflammation, Control of inflammation, Protect and restrict Activity, Phase Two: Restoration of Motion, Joint range of Motion, Flexibility, Phase Three: Developing a muscular strength, Endurance and Power, Muscular Strength, Muscular Endurance, Muscular Power, Open VS Closed Chain Exercises, Phase Four: Return to sport activity, Coordination, Sports specific Skill Conditioning, Cardiovascular Endurance

Therapeutic Modalities and Medications: Cryotherapy, Thermotherapy, Neuromuscular Electrical stimulation, Intermittent Compression Units, Continuous passive Motion (CPM), Massage, Medications

Section-V: Protective Taping and Wraps

7 HOURS

Principles of Taping and wrapping: Uses of Tape and Wraps, Types of Tape and Wraps, Application of tape, Application of Wraps

Common Taping and wrapping Techniques: Taping and wrapping Techniques for the Lower extremity, Taping and wrapping Techniques for the upper extremity

Protective Equipment: Principles of protective equipment, Protective equipment for the head and face, Football Helmets, Ice Hockey helmets, Batting Helmets, Other Helmets,

Face Guards, Mouth Guards, Eye wear, Ear wear, Throat and neck protectors, Protective equipment for the upper body: Shoulder protection, Elbow, forearm, wrist and hand protection, Thorax, rib and abdominal protection

Sports Brace: Lumbar/Sacral Protection, Protective equipment for the lower body, Hip and buttock protection, Thigh protection, Hypothermia, Preventing cold-related injuries, Frostbite Injuries, Systemic body cooling

Section-VI: Career Opportunities in Athletic training 3 HOURS

High School and collegiate settings, Sports Medicine and Clinic, Dual High School/ Clinic athletic trainer, Industrial Health Care Programs, Professional Sports Teams

Credit Point - 02

1. Clinician (Medical Knowledge+Patient Care)

Who understands and provides preventive promotive, curative, palliative and holistic care with dignity and compassion (Can be equated with ACGME competency of Medical knowledge and Patient care). Art IMG should be able to:

- 1.1.Describe disability as per United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities while demonstrating acceptance of and respect for the differences and capacities of persons with disabilities as part of human diversity and humanity
- 1.2.Understand the human rights model of disability and compare and contrast it with medical and social model of disability
- 1.3.Provide for and encourage genetic testing and counseling for families, where there may be suspected genetically related disability issues.
- 1.4.Make an early diagnosis and suggest methods to prevent the common disabilities present the community, using a lifecycle approach
- 1.5.Identify the additional healthcare needs of a patient with disability including sexual and reproductive health needs
- 1.6.Demonstrate awareness of the range of assistive devices counsel them to choose the appropriate one.
- 1.7.Assess and document disability on a functional basis
- 1.8.1.8 Interpret and critically analyze a disability certificate.
- 1.9.Discuss long term management of the common disabilities in the community

2. Leader and Member of the health care team and system

With capabilities to collect, analyze, synthesize and communicate health data appropriately (Can be equated with ACGME competency of Systems based Practice):

- 2.1 Promote patient-centered, supported decision-making approach involving family members in delivering effective healthcare to patients with disabilities.
- 2.2 Build an understanding of the concept and practical application of reasonable accommodation in healthcare, both in in-patient and in out-patient departments.
- 2.3 Engage healthcare staff and all members of an interprofessional team to collaborate towards multidisciplinary assessment and management of patients with disabilities to provide disability-inclusive compassionate care

2.4 Advocate social inclusion by raising awareness of the human rights of persons with disabilities through training and the promulgation of ethical standards for public and private health care

3. Communicator

With patients: families, colleagues and community. (Can be equated with ACGME competency of Interpersonal and Communication Skills)

- 3.1 Demonstrate the use of verbal and non-verbal empathetic communication techniques while communicating with patients with disabilities and their caregivers in a manner acceptable to the specific disability culture
- 3.2 Assess capacity of a patient with disability to give informed consent and demonstrate the ability to take an informed consent from a patient with disability.
- 3.3 Explain the need for referral and the referral procedure to a patient with disability.
- 3.4 Check understanding of the medical advice related to treatment, prognosis, follow-up, and/or referral given to patients with disabilities 3.5 Provide health education to the patients with disabilities, their caregivers, their families, and at the community level in a culturally appropriate manner.

4. Lifelong learner

Committed to continuous improvement of skills and knowledge (Can be equated with ACGME competency of Practice based learning & improvement).

- 4.1 Demonstrate awareness of the disabilities included in the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 and keep abreast of updates.
- 4.2 Demonstrate an understanding of accessible healthcare setting for patients with disabilities, including universal design to ensure physical accessibility, and accessible formats of information and communication.
- 4.3 Demonstrate familiarity with government run programs, schemes, legislation and legal services available for persons with disabilities, and keep abreast of updates,
- 4.4 Demonstrate awareness of rights-based and disabled people's organizations in the community.
- 4.5 Encourage research on disabling conditions, their prevalence, and their management, so as to add to the body of knowledge on the issue.

5. Professional

Who is committed to excellence, is ethical, responsive and accountable to patients. community and profession (Can be equated with ACGME competency of Professionalism).

- 5.1 Demonstrate respect for inherent dignity and autonomy of patients with disabilities, and their caregivers
- 5.2 Demonstrate commitment to give priority to patients or caregivers with disabilities in outpatient departments of health facilities
- 5.3 Demonstrate a non-discriminatory behavior towards patients or caregivers with disabilities and a commitment to provide to them care of the same quality as to others.
- 5.4 Demonstrate integrity in treating patients with disabilities who are vulnerable to physical. Mental, sexual, social and financial exploitation.

MPT 3RD SEMESTER

CORE COURSES		Credit Hours		Contact
Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical	Hours
MPT.504	Advanced Physiotherapeutic	2		2
MPT.504P	Advanced Physiotherapeutic Practical		2	4
MPT.505	Physiotherapy Diagnosis and Clinical Decision Making	1		1
MPT.505P	Physiotherapy Diagnosis and Clinical Decision Making Practical		1	2
MPT.506	Electrophysiology and Electro Diagnosis	3		3
MPT.506P	Electrophysiology and Electro Diagnosis Practical		1	2
MPT.599	Seminars	2		2
MPT.533	Clinical Case Presentations	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.543	Journal Club	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.553P	Classroom Teaching	2 (NC)		2 (NC)
MPT.573P	Clinical Training		7.5 (NC)	15 (NC)
MPT.600	Dissertation Work		3.5 (NC)	7 (NC)
	Total for Semester III	12	15	42
]	Fotal Credit Hours of Semester III		27	l

ADVANCED PHYSIOTHERAPEUTIC

MPT.504

Credits: 2hrs/ week

1.	Pain (Neurobiology, various theories, modulation and management of pain.
2.	Maternal and child care in general Physiotherapy.
3.	Theories of motor control and motor learning.
4.	Theories of aging.
5.	Cardiopulmonary medications and their effect on activity performance.
6.	Exercise planning and prescription.
7.	Use of Exercise therapy techniques and application on various types of cases.
8.	Ergonomic aspects of exercise on oxygen, energy consumption MET value of
	various exercises and activity.
9.	Effect of aerobic, anaerobic as well as Isometric and Isokinetic exercises on
	cardiac function.
10.	Physiotherapy in psychiatric conditions.
11.	Therapeutic and Sports Massage.
12.	Principles of Neurological approaches
13.	General Guidelines to be followed in Cardiac Rehabilitation, Pulmonary
	Rehabilitation, Burns Rehabilitation and Cancer Rehabilitation Protocol.
14.	CPR, monitoring systems and defibrillators and artificial respirators
15.	Physiotherapy in common conditions of skin.
16.	Physiotherapy following Plastic Surgery
17.	Physiotherapy following Obstetric and Gynecological Disorders
18.	Manual therapy – different schools of thought
19.	Soft tissue manipulations, neural mobilization, acupressure.(Cyriax, Butler,
	McKenzie)
20.	Myofascial Release technique and Muscle Energy technique
21.	Pilates-school of thought, Chiropractic school of thought, Osteopathic school of
	thought
22.	Joint mobilization & manipulation – peripheral joints and vertebral joints.
	(Maitlands, Mulligan, Keltonborn)
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23.	Neuromuscular Taping Techniques
24.	Community based rehabilitation in musculoskeletal disorders
25.	Recent Advances in Musculoskeletal Disorders and Sports Physiotherapy.
26.	Positional Release Technique
27.	Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation

PHYSIOTHERAPY DIAGNOSIS AND CLINICAL DECISION MAKING MPT.505

Credits: 1hr/week

1.	Clinical examination in general and detection of movement dysfunction
2.	Principles of pathological investigations and imaging techniques related to neuromuscular, skeletal and cardiopulmonary disorders with interpretation
3.	Developmental screening, motor learning –motor control assessment.
4.	Anthropometric measurements
5.	Physical fitness assessment by Range of motion, Muscle strength, endurance and skills, Body consumption, Fitness test for sports.
6.	Evaluation Methods, Special tests and Scales used in Musculoskeletal, Neurological and Cardiopulmonary disorders.
7.	Biophysical measurements, physiotherapy modalities, techniques and approaches.
8.	Evaluation of aging.
9.	Aids and appliances, adaptive functional devices to improve movement dysfunction
10.	Pulmonary function tests and Spirometry.
11.	Physical disability evaluation and disability diagnosis
12.	Gait analysis and diagnosis
13.	Clinical decision making in electrotherapeutics

PHYSIOTHERAPY DIAGNOSIS AND CLINICAL DECISION MAKING PRACTICAL MPT.505P Credits: 1 hrs/ Week

1.	Introduction to Screening For Referral In Physiotherapy
	b. Reasons to Screen
	c. Screenings and Surveillance
	d. Diagnosis by the Physiotherapist
	e. Differential Diagnosis Versus Screening
	f. Direct Access
	g. Decision-Making Process Case Examples and Case Studies.
2.	Introduction to the interviewing process
	a. Concepts in Communication
	b. Cultural Competence
	c. The Screening Interview
	d. Subjective Examination
	e. Core Interview
	f. Hospital Inpatient Information
3.	Overview of the physiology of pain and systemic causes of pain
	a. Mechanisms of Referred Visceral Pain
	b. Multisegmental Innervations
	c. Assessment of Pain and Symptoms
	d. Sources of Pain
	e. Types of Pain
	f. Comparison of Systemic Versus Musculoskeletal Pain
	g. Patterns
	h. Characteristics of Viscerogenic Pain,
	i. Screening for Emotional and Psychologic Overlay
	j. Screening for Systemic Versus Psychogenic Symptoms
4.	Physical assessment as a screening tool
	a. General Survey
	b. Techniques of Physical Examination
	c. Integumentary Screening Examination
	d. Nail Bed Assessment
	e. Lymph Node Palpation
	f. Musculoskeletal Screening Examination
	g. Neurologic Screening Examination
	h. Regional Screening Examination
	i. Systems Review
5.	Screening for hematologic disease

	a. Signs and Symptoms of Hematologic Disorders
	b. Classification of Blood Disorders
6.	Screening for cardiovascular disease
	a. Signs and Symptoms of
	b. Cardiac Pathophysiology
	c. Cardiovascular Disorders
	d. Laboratory Values.
7.	Screening for pulmonary disease
	a. Signs and Symptoms of Pulmonary Disorders
	b. Inflammatory/Infectious Disease
	c. Genetic Disease of the Lung
	d. Occupational Lung Diseases
	e. Pleuropulmonary Disorders
8.	Screening for gastrointestinal disease
	a. Signs and Symptoms of Gastrointestinal Disorders
0	b. Gastrointestinal Disorders
9.	Screening for hepatic and biliary disease
	a. Hepatic and Biliary Signs and Symptoms
	b. Hepatic and Biliary Pathophysiology
10.	c. Gallbladder and Duct Diseases
10.	a. Signs and Symptoms of Renal and Urological Disorders,
	b. The Urinary Tract
	c. Renal and Urological Pain
	d. Renal and Urinary Tract Problems
11.	Screening for endocrine and metabolic disease
	a. Associated Neuromuscular and Musculoskeletal Signs and Symptoms
	b. Endocrine Pathophysiology
	c. Introduction to Metabolism
12.	Screening for immunologic disease
	a. Using the Screening Model
	b. Immune System Pathophysiology
	c. Physician Referral
13.	Screening for Cancer
	a. Cancer Statistics
	b. Risk Factor Assessment
	c. Cancer Prevention
	d. Major Types of Cancer
	e. Metastases
	f. Clinical Manifestations of Malignancy
	g. Oncologic Pain
	h. Side Effects of Cancer Treatment
	i. Cancers of the Musculoskeletal System
	j. Primary Central Nervous System Tumors

	k. Cancers of the Blood and Lymph System
14.	Screening the head, neck, and back
	a. Using the Screening Model to Evaluate the Head, Neck, or Back,
	b. Location of Pain and Symptoms
	c. Sources of Pain and Symptoms
	d. Screening for Oncologic Causes of Back Pain
	e. Screening for Cardiac Causes of Neck and Back Pain
	f. Screening for Peripheral Vascular Causes of Back Pain
	g. Screening for Pulmonary Causes of Neck and Back Pain
	h. Screening for Renal and Urologic Causes of Back Pain,
	i. Screening for Gastrointestinal Causes of Back Pain
	j. Screening for Liver and Biliary Causes of Back Pain
	k. Screening for Gynecologic Causes of Back Pain
	1. Screening for Male Reproductive Causes of Back Pain
	m. Screening for Infectious Causes of Back Pain
15.	Screening the sacrum, sacroiliac, and pelvis
	a. The Sacrum and Sacroiliac Joint
	b. The Coccyx
	c. The Pelvis
16.	Screening the lower quadrant: buttock, hip, groin, thigh, and leg
	a. Using the Screening Model to Evaluate the Lower Quadrant
	b. Trauma as a Cause of Hip, Groin, or Lower Quadrant Pain
	c. Screening for Systemic Causes of Sciatica
	d. Screening for Oncologic Causes of Lower Quadrant Pain
	e. Screening for Urologic Causes of Buttock, Hip, Groin, or Thigh Pain
	f. Screening for Male Reproductive Causes of Groin Pain
	g. Screening for Infectious and Inflammatory Causes of Lower Quadrant Pain
	h. Screening for Gastrointestinal Causes of Lower Quadrant Pain
	i. Screening for Vascular Causes of Lower Quadrant Pain
	j. Screening for Other Causes of Lower Quadrant Pain
17.	Screening the chest, breasts, and ribs
	a. Using the Screening Model to Evaluate the Chest, Breasts, or Ribs
	b. Screening for Oncologic Causes of Chest or Rib Pain
	c. Screening for Cardiovascular Causes of Chest, Breast, or Rib Pain
	d. Screening for Pleuropulmonary Causes of Chest, Breast, or Rib Pain
	e. Screening for Gastrointestinal Causes of Chest, Breast, or Rib Pain
	f. Screening for Breast Conditions that Cause Chest or Breast Pain
	g. Screening for Other Conditions as a Cause of Chest, Breast, or Rib Pain
	h. Screening for Musculoskeletal Causes of Chest, Breast, or Rib Pain
	i. Screening for Neuromuscular or Neurologic Causes of Chest, Breast, or Rib
10	Pain Semaning the shoulder and upper extremity
18.	Screening the shoulder and upper extremity a. Using the Screening Model to Evaluate Shoulder and Upper Extremity

- b. Screening for Pulmonary Causes of Shoulder Pain
 c. Screening for Cardiac Causes of Shoulder Pain
 d. Screening for Gastrointestinal Causes of Shoulder Pain
 - e. Screening for Liver and Biliary Causes of Shoulder Pain
 - f. Screening for Rheumatic Causes of Shoulder Pain
 - g. Screening for Infectious Causes of Shoulder Pain
 - h. Screening for Oncologic Causes of Shoulder Pain
 - i. Screening for Gynecologic Causes of Shoulder Pain

ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY & ELECTRO DIAGNOSIS MPT.506

Credits: 3 hrs/ week

1.	Section I: Review of Basic Electrotherapeutics.
	Basic types of current
	a. Direct Current: types, physiological &therapeutic effects.
	b. Alternating Current
	Types of Current used in Therapeutics
	a. Modified D.C
	i. Faradic Current
	ii. Galvanic Current
	b. Modified A.C
	i. Sinusoidal Current
	ii. Diadynamic Current
2.	HVPGS: Parameters & its uses
3.	Ionization/Iontophoresis: Techniques of Application of Iontophoresis, Indications,
	Selection of Current, Commonly used Ions (Drugs) for pain, hyperhydrosis, would
	healing.
4.	Cathodal/Anodal galvanism
5.	Micro Current & Macro Current
6.	Types of Electrical Stimulators
	a. NMES- Construction component.
	b. Neuro-muscular diagnostic stimulator- construction component.
	c. Components and working Principles
7.	Principles of Application : Electrode tissue interface, Tissue Impedance, Types of
	Electrode, Size & Placement of Electrode – Water bath, Unipolar, Bi-polar, Electrode
	coupling, Current flow in tissues, Lowering of Skin Resistance
8.	Nerve Muscle Physiology: Action Potential, Resting membrane potential, Propagation
	of Action Potential, Motor unit, synapse, Accommodation, Stimulation of Healthy
	Muscle, Stimulation of Denervated Muscle, Stimulation for Tissue Repair.
	a) Electrical properties of muscle and nerve.
	b) Muscles plasticity in response to electrical stimulation.
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9.	TENS: Define TENS, Types of TENS, Conventional TENS, Acupuncture TENS, Burst
	TENS, Brief & Intense TENS, Modulated TENS. Types of Electrodes & Placement of
	Electrodes, Dosage parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications &
	Contraindications.
10.	Application of electrotherapy techniques on patients, monitoring of dosages and winding
	up procedure.
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11.	FG Test

12.	SD Curve : Methods of Plotting SD Curve, Apparatus selection, Characters of Normally innervated Muscle, Characters of Partially Denervated Muscle, Characters of Completely denervated Muscle, Chronaxie & Rheobase.
13.	Interferential Therapy : Define IFT, Principle of Production of IFT, Static Interference System, Dynamic Interference system, Dosage Parameters for IFT, Electrode placement in IFT, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications
14.	Russian Current, Rebox type Current
15.	Electro Magnetic Spectrum.
16.	SWD : Define short wave, Frequency & Wavelength of SWD, Principle of Production of SWD, Circuit diagram & Production of SWD, Methods of Heat Production by SWD treatment, Types of SWD Electrode, Placement & Spacing of Electrodes, Tuning, Testing of SWD Apparatus, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers, Dosage parameters.
17.	Pulsed Electro Magnetic Energy : Principles, Production & Parameters of PEME, Uses of PEME.
18.	Micro Wave Diathermy: Define Microwave, Wave length & Frequency, Production of MW, Applicators, Dosage Parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of MWD
19.	Ultrasound: Define Ultrasound, Frequency, Piezo Electric effects: Direct, Reverse, Production of US, Treatment Dosage parameters: Continuous& Pulsed mode, Intensity, US Fields: Near field, Far field, Half value distance, Attenuation, Coupling Media, Thermal effects, Non-thermal effects, Principles & Application of US: Direct contact, Water bag, Water bath, Solid sterile gel pack method for wound. Uses of US, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of Ultrasound. Phonophoresis: Define Phonophoresis, Methods of application, commonly used drugs, Uses. Dosages of US
20.	IRR : Define IRR,wavelength & parameters, Types of IR generators, Production of IR, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Duration & frequency of treatment, Indication & Contraindication.
21.	UVR : Define UVR, Types of UVR, UVR generators: High pressure mercury vapour lamp, Water cooled mercury vapour lamp, Kromayer lamp, Fluorescent tube, Theraktin tunnel, PUVA apparatus. Physiological & Therapeutic effects. Sensitizers & Filters. Test dosage calculation. Calculation of E1, E2, E3, E4 doses. Indications, contraindications. Dangers. Dosages for different therapeutic effects, Distance in UVR lamp
22.	LASER : Define LASER. Types of LASER. Principles of Production. Production of LASER by various methods. Methods of application of LASER. Dosage of LASER. Physiological & Therapeutic effects of LASER. Safety precautions of LASER. Classifications of LASER. Energy density & power density

23.	a) Wax Therapy
	b) Contrast Bath:
	c) Moist Heat Therapy
	d) Cyclotherm
	e) Fluidotherapy
	f) Whirl Pool Bath
	g) Magnetic Stimulation
	h) Cryotherapy
24.	a) Characteristics and components of Electro therapeutic stimulation systems and Electro physical assessment devices
	Electro physiological assessment devices.
	b) Anatomy and physiology of peripheral nerve, muscle and neuromuscular junction.
	c) Electrical stimulation and its effects on various systems.
	d) Clinical Electro physiological testing.
	e) Safety considerations in electrotherapy
	f) Electromyography and evoked potential studies.
	g) Nerve Conduction Studies
	h) Biofeedback
	i) Exercise ECG testing and monitoring

ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY & ELECTRO DIAGNOSIS PRACTICAL MPT.506P Credits: 1.5 hrs/ week

The same curriculum of Electrophysiology & Electro Diagnosis (MPT.506) should be

covered in this course.

MPT 4TH

SEMESTER

Elective Courses		Credit Hours		Contact
Course Code	Course Title	Theory	Practical	Hours
MPT.509	Physiotherapy in Neurological Conditions – I	3		3
MPT.509P	Physiotherapy in Neurological Conditions – I Practical		2	4
MPT.510	Physiotherapy in Neurological Conditions – II	3		3
MPT.510P	Physiotherapy in Neurological Conditions – II Practical		2	4
MPT.599	Seminars	2		2
MPT.534	Clinical Case Presentations	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.544	Journal Club	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.554P	Classroom Teaching	1 (NC)		1 (NC)
MPT.574P	Clinical Training		7.5 (NC)	15 (NC)
MPT.600	Dissertation Work		4 (NC)	8 (NC)
	Total for Semester IV	11	15.5	42
	Total Credit Hours of Semester IV		26.5	

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PHYSIOTHERAPY IN NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS - I

MPT.509

Credits: 3 hrs/ week

UNIT-1

S.No.	Торіс
1.	Neurological Disorders: Disorders of cranial nerve, Disorders of Peripheral Nerves.
2.	Infections: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Transverse myelitis, Brain abscess, herpes simplex,
	tuberculosis, Cerebral edema.
3.	Demyelinating diseases of nervous system: Multiple Sclerosis & diffuse sclerosis,
	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis,
4.	Movement disorders: Akinetic-rigidity Syndromes, Dyskinesia disorders, Hypokinesia,
	Epilepsy.
5.	Tumors of spinal cord, Peripheral Nerve Tumors and Cranial tumors.
6.	Vascular diseases of the brain: Aneurysm, Thrombosis, Cerebrovascular Disease /Stroke in
	Adults
7.	Motor Neuron Disease: Parkinson Disease, Hutingtons disease
8.	Neuro-muscular Junction Disorders: Myasthenia Gravis, Lambert Eaton Syndrome.
9.	Hydrocephalus.
10.	All Types of Myopathies in Adults, Myotonic Disorders, Metabolic and endocrine
	myopathies.
	UNIT-2
1.	General development sequence of normal Child, Nutrition and Immunization
2.	Neurological disorders in Pediatrics:Spinabifida,hydrocephalus,Cerebral
	palsy,Poliomyelitis,Encephalitis,Meningitis,Birth Injuries of Brachial Plexus
3.	Muscular Dystrophies:DMD,BMD,Limb Girdle Myopathies etc.
4.	Genetic Disorders, Congenital Malformations, Chromosomal disorders, Leraning
	Disabilities: Autism, Chiari Malformation, Down Syndrome etc
5.	Nutritional Deficiency Disorders.
6.	Neurological disorders in Geraitrics: Degenerative diseases of the Spinal cord and cauda
	equina, Ataxia, Motor neuron disease, Parkinson Disease, Dementia, Alzheimers Disease.
	UNIT-3
1.	Injuries to Nervous System: Acute traumatic injuries of the spinal cord, Haematomyelia and
	Acute Central Cervical Cord Injuries, Head and brain Injuries, Skull fractures

2.	Autonomic Nervous System Disorders: Sympathetic and parasympathetic Lesions.
	UNIT-4
1.	Neurosurgical conditions:Post-operative/ post-surgical Complications of spinal cord: Disc operations(cervical and lumbar),decompression surgery of spinal cord,Lumbar Puncture, Complications after Anaesthesia.
2.	Post-operative complications of Skull and brain surgeries: Craniotomy,Closed skull fractures, Hematomas, open cranio-cerebral injuries
3.	Post operative complications of Perepheral Nerve Surgeries:
	Decompression, Nervesuture, Nerve Grafting

Books Recommended:

- Neurolgical rehabilitation: Umphred, Darcy, A.
- Adams & victor's manual of Neurology, Victor Morris
- Advances in Neurology: Gordin, Ariel
- Management of Peripheral Nerve Problems: Allan H O, George E.
- The neural basis of Motor control by Black I., Churchill, Livingstone, 1987
- Clinical Neurodynamics: Shacklack, Michael
- Technique of Neurological Examination: Stephen L
- Spinal Cord Disease: Diagnosis and management Engler G.L
- Physical Rehabilitation: Assessment and Treatment by O'Sullivan, F.A. Davis,

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS-I MPT.509P

Credits: 2 hrs/ week

The same curriculum of Physiotherapy in neurological conditions-1(MPT.509) should be covered in this course.

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS - II

MPT.510

Credits: 3 hrs/ week

UNIT-I

S.No.	Торіс
1.	Neurological Physiotherapy Assessment for all the Conditions: Demographical
	Detail, History Taking, Assessment of Higher mental functions Neurodevelopment
	assessment, Pain assessment, Sensory assessment, Assessment of Tone, flexibility,
	tightness, Motor Control assessment, Muscle Length Testing, Postural assessment
	,Limb length measurement ,Range of Motion ,Balance assessment ,Coordination
	assessment, Reflex Testing , Cranial nerve testing , Clinical Gait assessment,
	Functional assessment, Physical disability evaluation (in brief)
2.	Scales: GCS, RLA, MAS, FMS, BBS, APGAR, FIM, SF-36, SLR, Slump Test,
	ULTT, LLTT, Neural Tissue Tension Test.
3.	Investigation: CT/MRI, Myelogram, Blood & CSF Examination, EMG, EEG, NCV,
	Radiology.
4.	Basic Knowledge of drugs used for Neurological Conditions
5.	ICU Management, Coma Stimulation
6.	Recent developments in Neuro physiotherapy, Theories of Motor Control as well as
	Motor Learning and its application in physiotherapy, Biofeedback Training,
	Perception Training, Roods Approach: Sensory Integration, NDT By Bobath,
	Brunnstorm Stages, PNF Techniques, Vojta Concept, MFR, MRP.
7.	Stem cell Therapy in Neurological Disorders
8.	Functional electrical stimulation & Biofeedback in Neurological Rehabilitation
9.	Traditional, Contemporary Task Oriented Neuro physiological Approaches for
	Motor Relearning.
10.	Hydrotherapy for Neurological Conditions.
	UNIT-2
1.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management in Pediatrics disorders/conditions: Spina
	bifida, hydrocephalus, Cerebral palsy, Poliomyelitis, Encephalitis, Meningitis, Birth
	Injuries of Brachial Plexus
2.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management of Muscular Dystrophies: DMD, BMD,

	Limb Girdle Myopathies etc.
3.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management of Genetic Disorders, Congenital
	Malformations, Chromosomal disorders, Leraning Disabilities: Autism, Chiari
	Malformation, Down Syndrome etc
4.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management of Nutritional deficiency Disorders.
	UNIT-3
1.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management in disorders in Geraitric
	disorders/conditions: Community based Rehabilitation for geriatrics, Disablility
	Management
2.	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management of Nervous System Injuries: Assessment
	& Management of Spinal Cord Injuries, Assessment and Management of Areflexic
	and Spastic Bladder and Bowel
	UNIT-4
1.	Assessment of Fitness and Exercise prescription for special neurological population-
	Stroke, Paraplegia, TBI, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinsonism & Ataxia.
2.	Assessment and Rehabilitation of Disorders of Special Senses: Visual, Auditory and
	Perception
3.	Assessment and Management of Vestibular Disorders.
4.	Assessment and Management of Orofacial Disorders.
5.	Aids and Appliances in Neurological Conditions: Prescription, testing & Training
6.	Assessment and Management of Neurological Gait Disorders/Pathological gaits
	Physiotherapy Assessment & Management
7.	Assessment & Management of Autonomic Dysfunctions.
8.	Assessment & Management of Psychosomatic Disorders.

References:

- Neurolgical rehabilitation: Umphred, Darcy, A.
- Adams & victor's manual of Neurology, Victor Morris
- Advances in Neurology: Gordin, Ariel
- Management of Peripheral Nerve Problems: Allan H O, George E.
- The neural basis of Motor control by Black I., Churchill, Livingstone, 1987
- Clinical Neurodynamics: Shacklack, Michael

- Technique of Neurological Examination: Stephen L
- Spinal Cord Disease: Diagnosis and management Engler G.L
- Physical Rehabilitation: Assessment and Treatment by O'Sullivan, F.A. Davis,

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS-II MPT.510P

Credits: 2 hrs/ week

The same curriculum of Physiotherapy in neurological conditions-11(MPT.510) should be covered in this course.